European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization Organisation Européenne et Méditerranéenne pour la Protection des Plantes

PM 8/6 (1)

## Commodity-specific phytosanitary measures Mesures phytosanitaires par marchandise

# PM 8/6 (1) Betula

### Specific scope

The purpose of the EPPO Standard on *Betula* is to recommend to EPPO Member Governments the phytosanitary measures which they should use or require for *Betula* plants and plant products moving in international trade to prevent the introduction and spread of quarantine pests. Some of these recommendations are addressed to all EPPO Member Governments, others are addressed only to countries considered to face a certain level of risk from the introduction and spread of the regulated pests concerned. All these recommendations were derived from:

- EPPO Standards PM 1/2 (EPPO A1 and A2 Lists) and the former EPPO Standards PM 2 (pest-specific phytosanitary measures), or
- Pest Risk Analysis (PRA) carried out or reviewed by EPPO, or
- the Working Party on Phytosanitary Regulations.

For wood packaging material, recommendations are based on ISPM 15 Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade.

### Specific approval and amendment

First approved in 2017-09.

### 1. Plants and commodities concerned

This Standard relates to all plants and plant products of the genus *Betula*.

The Standard concerns the commodities that are regularly traded, i.e. wood (including untreated wood in manufactured articles), bark, plants for planting and cut branches. Wood packaging, although not a commodity *per se*, is also included. Plants for planting are considered in general at the genus level. *Betula* wood may be traded as pure or mixed consignments, for example wood chips obtained from woody plants of different genera. Since the genus should be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate every genus present should be specified in the case of mixed consignments. Such consignments should satisfy all the requirements for every genus present.

#### 1.1 Commodities concerned

Wood (as a commodity class): commodities such as round wood, sawn wood, wood chips and wood residue, with or without bark excluding wood packaging material, processed wood material and bamboo products (ISPM 5).

**Round wood:** wood not sawn longitudinally, carrying its natural rounded surface, with or without bark (ISPM 5). Branches of woody plants used for bioenergy

production should be considered under this category of commodities.

**Sawn wood:** wood sawn longitudinally, with or without its natural rounded surface with or without bark (ISPM 5).

**Processed wood material:** products that are a composite of wood constructed using glue, heat and pressure, or any combination thereof (ISPM 5).

Manufactured wood items: to be added when defined under the ISPM on international movement of wood products and handicrafts made of wood (under development).

**Harvesting residues:** wood material consisting of any parts of trees left on the site after round wood harvesting (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

**Processing wood residues:** parts of wood and bark that are left after the process of transforming round wood into sawn wood and further transformation of sawn wood (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

**Wood chips:** wood with or without bark in the form of pieces with a definable particle size produced by mechanical treatment with sharp tools (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

**Hogwood:** wood with or without bark in the form of pieces of varying particle size and shape, produced by crushing with blunt tools such as rollers, hammers or flails (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

**Post-consumer scrap wood:** a wide variety of wood material from ex-commercial, industrial and domestic use made available for recycling (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

Wood packaging material: wood or wood products (excluding paper products) used in supporting, protecting or carrying a commodity (includes dunnage) (ISPM 5). Because this is not a commodity *per se*, it is separated from wood. It includes wooden structures that accompany traded commodities such as pallets, boxes, crates, spools, dunnage (maintain as in ISPM 15).

**Cut branches** (including coppiced stems): defined in ISPM 5 as 'a commodity class for fresh parts of plants intended for decorative use and not for planting'.

**Bark (as a commodity):** bark separated from wood (ISPM 5). Bark may contain pieces of wood with it.

Plants for planting: plants intended to remain planted, to be planted or replanted (ISPM 5). This commodity type includes nursery plants such as seedlings (1–5 years old, used for reforestation) and seeds. It also includes quite large trees (< 20 years) for transplanting to gardens, amenity plantings or architectural plantings and includes naturally or artificially dwarfed plants (bonsais). The risks of transporting regulated pests are different for trees of different ages.

#### 1.2 Other definitions

**Bark:** the layer of a woody trunk, branch or root outside the cambium (ISPM 5).

**Bark-free wood:** wood from which all bark, except ingrown bark around knots and bark pockets between rings of annual growth, has been removed (ISPM 5).

**Debarked wood:** wood that has been subjected to any process that results in the removal of bark (debarked wood is not necessarily bark-free wood) (ISPM 5).

**Debarking:** a process designed to remove a large majority of the bark, and thereby producing debarked wood.

**Heat treatment:** the process in which a commodity is heated until it reaches a minimum temperature for a minimum period of time according to an official technical specification (ISPM 5).

# 2. Pests of *Betula* recommended for regulation

This Standard relates to the EPPO A1 and A2 pests for which *Betula* can be a significant pathway of introduction (EPPO Standard PM 1/2), including pests which EPPO recommends for regulation. The phytosanitary measures described in the Standard are primarily aimed at preventing the introduction and spread of these specific pests in the EPPO region. Details on these pests can be found on the EPPO website (http://www.eppo.org) or in *Quarantine Pests for Europe* (EPPO/CABI, 1997): see *Bulletin OEPP/EPPO Bulletin* for more recent additions to the lists.

#### 2.1 Pests of Betula

A1 pests	A2 pests
Insects	Insects
Agrilus anxius	Aeolesthes sarta
Anoplophora glabripennis	Anoplophora chinensis
Choristoneura conflictana	Lepidosaphes ussuriensis
Choristoneura rosaceana	Lopholeucaspis japonica
Malacosoma americanum	Lymantria mathura
Malacosoma disstria	Popillia japonica
Oemona hirta	Quadraspidiotus perniciosus
	Trichoferus campestris
	Xylotrechus namanganensis
	Fungi and fungus-like
	organisms
	Phytophthora ramorum

The above lists cover all known pests which are recommended for regulation by EPPO and for which *Betula* commodities are significant potential pathways of introduction. They do not necessarily cover all regulated pests which have been recorded on *Betula*. New emerging pest situations, based on PRA, may lead to addition of pests to the Standard.

# 3. Commodity-specific phytosanitary requirements for *Betula*

Each pest recommended for regulation has been considered by the EPPO Working Party on Phytosanitary Regulations and pest-specific phytosanitary requirements (PAPRs) were recommended (EPPO Standards PM 2, withdrawn in 2006). These former pest-specific requirements have been analysed and their content reviewed and rearranged into recommended commodity-specific requirements for *Betula*. Phytosanitary measures for recently EPPO listed (A1 or A2) pests were taken from the pest risk management part of the PRA performed by the EPPO Expert Working Groups and rearranged in a consistent way by the EPPO Panel on Quarantine Pests for Forestry.

The commodity-specific requirements also include general measures for polyphagous, contaminating and other non-indigenous pests which may be associated with consignments of *Betula*.

In many places, the commodity-specific requirements refer to specific phytosanitary procedures. These are described in detail in separate EPPO Standards or in appendices to this Standard.

Normally, it is recommended that the requirements fulfilled by the exporting countries and stated on the phytosanitary certificate are accepted by the importing country. However, in certain cases where the trade is new, there remains a degree of uncertainty about the adequacy of the application of the measures, which can only be resolved by following appropriate transitional procedures. These procedures should be developed in the framework of transitional arrangements (EPPO Standard under development). Cases where such special procedures may apply are specifically identified in this section, and the corresponding requirements are preceded by the following phrasing: 'subject, where appropriate, to special procedures under transitional arrangements'.

## 3.1 Regulation of Betula pests

#### 3.1.1 A1 pests

All EPPO countries are recommended to regulate as quarantine pests the *Betula* pests in the EPPO A1 List (see Section 2).

#### 3.1.2 A2 pests

For EPPO A2 pests recommended for regulation (see Section 2), EPPO countries where a given A2 pest does not

occur, or where it is not widely distributed, are recommended to regulate it as a quarantine pest. If they do, they are recommended to make the requirements specified for this pest.

# 4. List of recommended phytosanitary measures

#### 4.1 Requirements for Betula

In the following:

When 'OR' or 'AND' are written in capitals this separates 2 sections of options.

When 'or' or 'and' are not in capitals they separate only one option from another.

PC is 'phytosanitary certificate' and RC is 're-export phytosanitary certificate'.

Plants for planting (other than seeds) of Betula	PC and, if necessary, RC
Plants for planting of <i>Betula</i> other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	Dormant, clean (i.e. free from plant debris) and free from leaves, flowers and seeds Grown in nurseries Inspected prior to export and found free from bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, or subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms
Plants for planting of <i>Betula</i> in tissue culture	Grown in approved tissue culture facilities in sterile conditions  The plants and growing medium inspected prior to export and found free from bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, or subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms
Plants for planting of <i>Betula</i> with soil and growing medium attached or associated	Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 3/54
Plants for planting (except seeds) of Betula originating in countries where any of the following pests occur:  Agrilus anxius Aeolesthes sarta Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis Choristoneura conflictana Choristoneura rosaceana Lepidosaphes ussuriensis Lopholeucaspis japonica Lymantria mathura Malacosoma americanum Malacosoma disstria Oemona hirta Phytophthora ramorum Popillia japonica Quadraspidiotus perniciosus Trichoferus campestris Xylotrechus namanganensis	Free from the relevant pests listed in the left column
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur:  Aeolesthes sarta  Anoplophora chinensis  Anoplophora glabripennis  Trichoferus campestris  Xylotrechus namanganensis	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column AND Transported outside of the corresponding flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with the relevant pest or Transported closed, to prevent infestation

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Plants for planting (except seeds) of Betula	Pest-free area for Agrilus anxius
originating in countries where Agrilus anxius occurs	or Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8
	or Plants with stems below 2 cm diameter, and scions below 1 cm diameter AND
	Transported outside of Agrilus anxius flight period or
	Not transported through areas infested with Agrilus anxius or
	Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Plants for planting (except seeds) of Betula originating in countries where Choristoneura conflictana or Choristoneura rosaceana occurs	Pest-free area for Choristoneura conflictana and Choristoneura rosaceana or
	Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8 or
	Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND
	Transported outside of <i>Choristoneura conflictana</i> and <i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i> flight periods
	or  Not transported through areas infested with Choristoneura conflictana and  Choristoneura rosaceana
	or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Plants for planting (except seeds) of Betula originating in countries where Lepidosaphes ussuriensis or Lopholeucaspis japonica occur	Pest-free area for Lepidosaphes ussuriensis and Lopholeucaspis japonica or
	Place of production freedom (including throughout the previous season) for Lepidosaphes ussuriensis and Lopholeucaspis japonica
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Lymantria</i> mathura occurs	Pest-free area for Lymantria mathura
	or Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8 or
	Lifted, dispatched and imported outside of <i>Lymantria mathura</i> flight period (in winter)
	or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND
	Transported outside of Lymantria mathura flight period
	or Not transported through areas infested with Lymantria mathura
	or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Plants for planting (except seeds) of Betula originating in countries where Malacosoma americanum or Malacosoma disstria occurs	Pest-free area for Malacosoma americanum and Malacosoma disstria
	or Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8 or
	Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND
	Transported outside of Malacosoma americanum and Malacosoma disstria flight periods
	or Not transported through areas infested with Malacosoma americanum and Malacosoma disstria
	or Transported closed, to prevent infestation

Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Oemona hirta</i> occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Pest-free place of production or pest-free production site for <i>Oemona hirta</i> under complete physical protection (comparable to quarantine conditions) with regular inspections of the crop and inspection of plants prior to export or AND Transported outside of <i>Oemona hirta</i> flight period or Not transported through areas infested with <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Plants for planting of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> is present	Pest-free area for <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> or Pest-free place of production for <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> and appropriate buffer zone with regular surveys
Plants for planting (except seeds and plants in tissue culture) of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Quadraspidiotus perniciosus</i> occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Quadraspidiotus perniciosus</i> or Field of production found free, with its immediate vicinity, from <i>Quadraspidiotus perniciosus</i> during the last 2 growing seasons or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC
Cut branches of Betula	PC and, if necessary, RC
Cut branches of Betula originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Agrilus anxius Choristoneura conflictana Choristoneura rosaceana Lepidosaphes ussuriensis Lopholeucaspis japonica Lymantria mathura Malacosoma americanum Malacosoma disstria Quadraspidiotus perniciosus	Free from the relevant pests listed in the left column
Cut branches of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Agrilus anxius</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Agrilus anxius or Originate from plants grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8 or Plants with stems below 2 cm diameter, and scions below 1 cm diameter AND Transported outside of Agrilus anxius flight period or Not transported through areas infested with Agrilus anxius or Transported closed, to prevent infestation

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Cut branches of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Choristoneura conflictana</i> or <i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i> occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Choristoneura conflictana</i> and <i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i> or Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8
	or
	Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND
	Transported outside of <i>Choristoneura conflictana</i> and <i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i> flight periods
	or  Not transported through areas infested with Choristoneura conflictana and  Choristoneura rosaceana
	or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Cut branches of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Lepidosaphes ussuriensis or Lopholeucaspis</i>	Pest-free area for Lepidosaphes ussuriensis and Lopholeucaspis japonica or
japonica occur	Place of production freedom (including throughout the previous season) for <i>Lepidosaphes</i> ussuriensis and <i>Lopholeucaspis japonica</i>
Cut branches of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur:	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column or
Lymantria mathura Malacosoma americanum	From plants grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8 or
Malacosoma disstria	Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND
	Transported outside of the corresponding flight periods or
	Not transported through areas infested with the relevant pest
	or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Cut branches of <i>Betula</i> originating in	Pest-free area for Quadraspidiotus perniciosus
countries where Quadraspidiotus perniciosus occurs	or Field of production found free, with its immediate vicinity, from
	Quadraspidiotus perniciosus during the last 2 growing seasons
	or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC
	Appropriate lumigation, details to be specified on the PC
Wood of Betula (includes manufactured	PC and, if necessary, RC
wood items made of untreated wood of Betula)	
Wood of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur:  Aeolesthes sarta	Free from the relevant pests listed in the left column
Agrilus anxius	
Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis	
Lymantria mathura	
Oemona hirta Phytophthora ramorum	
Trichoferus campestris Xylotrechus namanganensis	
Wood of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> is present	Pest-free area for Phytophthora ramorum

Wood (except harvesting wood residues, Pest-free area for Oemona hirta processing wood residues, wood chips Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 and hogwood) of Betula originating in countries where Oemona hirta occurs Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC Harvested and imported outside of Oemona hirta flying period (in winter) specified in the import permit and processed before the next Oemona hirta flying period (only in the framework of a bilateral agreement) Transported outside of Oemona hirta flight periods Not transported through areas infested with Oemona hirta Transported closed, to prevent infestation Round wood with bark of Betula originating Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column in countries where any of the following pests occur: Debarking and heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 Aeolesthes sarta Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis Trichoferus campestris Transported outside of the corresponding flight periods Xylotrechus namanganensis Not transported through areas infested with the relevant pest Transported closed, to prevent infestation Wood with or without bark of Betula originating Pest-free area for Agrilus anxius in countries where Agrilus anxius occurs Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 Storage in the exporting country for at least 2 years Under a specific programme agreed and monitored by the NPPO of the importing country, harvested and imported outside of the potential Agrilus anxius flying period (in winter) specified in the import permit and processed before the next Agrilus anxius flying period AND Transported outside of Agrilus anxius flight periods Not transported through areas infested with Agrilus anxius Transported closed, to prevent infestation Removal of outer sapwood to a depth of at least 3.5 cm

Round wood with bark of Betula originating in countries where	Pest-free area for Lymantria mathura
Lymantria mathura occurs	or Debarking
	or
	Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC or
	Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or
	Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 AND
	Transported outside of <i>Lymantria mathura</i> flight period or
	Not transported through areas infested with <i>Lymantria mathura</i> or
	Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Sawn wood without bark of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur:	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column or
Aeolesthes sarta	Heat treated according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6
Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis Trichoferus campestris	or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8
Xylotrechus namanganensis	
Wood chips and hogwood of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Agrilus anxius</i> occurs	Heat treated according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or
	Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 or
	Storage in the exporting country for at least 1 year
	or Fumigated with appropriate fumigant
	or Under a specific programme agreed and monitored by the NPPO of the importing country, harvested and imported outside of the potential Agrila anxius flying period (in winter) specified in the import permit and processed before the next Agrilus anxius flying period AND
	Transported outside of Agrilus anxius flight periods or
	Not transported through areas infested with Agrilus anxius or
	Transported closed, to prevent infestation
farvesting wood residues, processing wood residues, wood	Pest-free area for <i>Oemona hirta</i>
chips and hogwood of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries where <i>Oemona hirta</i> occurs	or Heat treated according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6
	or Chipped to pieces of less than 2.5 cm in any dimension or to 1.5 cm in 2 dimensions immediately prior to despatch
	or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC
	or Under a specific programme agreed and monitored by the NPPO of the importing country, harvested and imported outside of the potential <i>Oemona hirta</i> flying period (in winter) specified in the import permit and processed before the next <i>Oemona hirta</i> flying period AND
	Transported outside of <i>Oemona hirta</i> flight period or
	Not transported through areas infested with Oemona hirta or
	Transported closed, to prevent infestation

Packaging wood of Betula

Bark of Betula	PC and, if necessary, RC
Bark of Betula originating in countries	Pest-free area for Agrilus anxius
where Agrilus anxius is present	or
	Harvested, dispatched and imported outside of Agrilus anxius flight period (in winter
	Or
	Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND
	Transported outside of Lymantria mathura flight period
	or
	Not transported through areas infested with Lymantria mathura
	or
	Transported closed, to prevent infestation
	OR
	Free from wood
Bark of <i>Betula</i> originating in countries	Pest-free area for Lymantria mathura
where Lymantria mathura is present	or
	Harvested, dispatched and imported outside of <i>Lymantria mathura</i> flight period (in winter)
	or
	Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND
	Transported outside of Lymantria mathura flight period

Requirements of ISPM 15

## 5. List of associated Standards

It is proposed that individual phytosanitary procedures would be maintained as separate EPPO Standards, but that

they should be part of a package that will always accompany the forestry standard when approved.

The following Standards are of relevance:

Not transported through areas infested with Lymantria mathura

Transported closed, to prevent infestation

## EPPO Standards PM 3: Phytosanitary Procedures

PM 3/29 General export inspection procedure for glasshouse and nursery enterprises

PM 3/54 Growing plants in growing medium prior to export
PM 3/60 Testing growing medium and plants in growing medium

EPPO Standards PM 5: Pest Risk Analysis

PM 5/8 Guidelines on the phytosanitary measure 'Plants grown under complete physical isolation'

EPPO Standards PM 10: Phytosanitary Treatments

PM 10/6 Heat treatment of wood to control insects and wood-borne nematodes

PM 10/8 Disinfestation of wood with ionizing radiation

International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures

ISPM 4 Requirements for the establishment of pest free areas, 1996. FAO, Rome

ISPM 5 Glossary of phytosanitary terms, 2015. FAO, Rome

ISPM 10 Requirements for the establishment of pest free places of production and pest free production sites, 1999. FAO, Rome

ISPM 15 Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade, 2013. FAO, Rome

Other documents referred to:

EPPO Technical Document no. 1071, EPPO Study on wood commodities other than round wood, sawn wood and manufactured items, 2015. EPPO,

Paris (https://www.eppo.int/PUBLICATIONS/TD-1071\_EPPO\_Study\_on\_wood\_commodities.pdf)

EPPO PRAs: https://www.eppo.int/QUARANTINE/Pest\_Risk\_Analysis/PRA\_intro.htm