European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization Organisation Européenne et Méditerranéenne pour la Protection des Plantes

PM 8/5 (1)

Commodity-specific phytosanitary measures Mesures phytosanitaires par marchandise

PM 8/5 (1) Quercus

Specific scope

The purpose of the EPPO Standard on *Quercus* is to recommend to EPPO Member Governments the phytosanitary measures which they should use or require for *Quercus* plants and plant products moving in international trade to prevent the introduction and spread of quarantine pests. Some of these recommendations are addressed to all EPPO Member Governments, others are addressed only to countries considered to face a certain level of risk from the introduction and spread of the regulated pests concerned. All these recommendations were derived from:

 EPPO Standards PM 1/2 (EPPO A1 and A2 lists) and the former EPPO Standards PM 2 (pest-specific phytosanitary measures), or

- Pest Risk Analysis (PRA) carried out or reviewed by EPPO, or
- the Working Party on Phytosanitary Regulations.

For wood packaging material, recommendations are based on ISPM 15 Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade.

Specific approval and amendment

First approved in 2010-09 as PM 8/3 Quercus and Castanea.

Revised and approved as a separate Standard PM 8/5 in 2017-09

1. Plants and commodities concerned

This Standard relates to all plants and plant products of the genus *Quercus*.

The Standard concerns the commodities that are regularly traded, i.e. wood (including untreated wood in manufactured articles), bark, plants for planting and cut branches. Wood packaging, although not a commodity per se, is also included. Plants for planting are considered in general at the genus level. Quercus wood may be traded as pure or mixed consignments, for example wood chips obtained from woody plants of different genera. Since the genus should be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate every genus present should be specified for mixed consignments. Such consignments should satisfy all the requirements for every genus present.

Commodities concerned

Wood (as a commodity class): commodities such as round wood, sawn wood, wood chips and wood

residue, with or without bark excluding wood packaging material, processed wood material and bamboo products (ISPM 5).

Round wood: wood not sawn longitudinally, carrying its natural rounded surface, with or without bark (ISPM 5). Branches of woody plants used for bioenergy production should be considered under this category of commodities.

Sawn wood: wood sawn longitudinally, with or without its natural rounded surface with or without bark (ISPM 5)

Processed wood material: products that are a composite of wood constructed using glue, heat and pressure, or any combination thereof (ISPM 5).

Manufactured wood items: to be added when defined under the ISPM on international movement of wood products and handicrafts made of wood (under development).

Harvesting residues: wood material consisting of any parts of trees left on the site after round wood harvesting (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

Processing wood residues: parts of wood and bark that are left after the process of transforming round wood into sawn wood and further transformation of sawn wood (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

Wood chips: wood with or without bark in the form of pieces with a definable particle size produced by mechanical treatment with sharp tools (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

Hogwood: wood with or without bark in the form of pieces of varying particle size and shape, produced by crushing with blunt tools such as rollers, hammers or flails (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

Post-consumer scrap wood: Wide variety of wood material from ex-commercial, industrial and domestic use made available for recycling (EPPO Technical Document no. 1071).

Wood packaging material: wood or wood products (excluding paper products) used in supporting, protecting or carrying a commodity (includes dunnage) (ISPM 5). Because this is not a commodity *per se* it is separated from wood. It includes wooden structures that accompany traded commodities such as pallets, boxes, crates, spools, dunnage (maintain as in ISPM 15).

Cut branches (including coppiced stems): defined in ISPM 5 as 'a commodity class for fresh parts of plants intended for decorative use and not for planting'.

Bark (as a commodity): bark separated from wood (ISPM 5). Bark may contain pieces of wood with it.

Plants for planting: plants intended to remain planted, to be planted or replanted (ISPM 5). This commodity type includes nursery plants such as seedlings (1–5 years old, used for reforestation) and seeds. It also includes quite large trees (< 20 years) for transplanting to gardens, amenity plantings or architectural plantings and includes naturally or artificially dwarfed plants (bonsais). The risks of transporting regulated pests are different for trees of different ages.

Other definitions

Bark: the layer of a woody trunk, branch or root outside the cambium (ISPM 5).

Bark-free wood: wood from which all bark, except ingrown bark around knots and bark pockets between rings of annual growth, has been removed (ISPM 5).

Debarked wood: wood that has been subjected to any process that results in the removal of bark (debarked wood is not necessarily bark-free wood) (ISPM 5).

Debarking: a process designed to remove a large majority of the bark, thereby producing debarked wood.

Heat treatment: the process in which a commodity is heated until it reaches a minimum temperature for a minimum period of time according to an official technical specification (ISPM 5).

2. Pests of *Quercus* recommended for regulation

This Standard relates to the EPPO A1 and A2 pests for which *Quercus* can be a significant pathway of introduction (EPPO Standard PM 1/2), including pests which EPPO recommends for regulation. The phytosanitary measures described in the Standard are primarily aimed at preventing the introduction and spread of these specific pests in the EPPO region. Details on these pests can be found on the EPPO website (http://www.eppo.org) or in *Quarantine Pests for Europe* (EPPO/CABI, 1997); see *Bulletin OEPP/EPPO Bulletin* for more recent additions to the lists.

Pests for which Quercus may be a significant pathway

A1 pests	A2 pests
Insects	Insects
Anoplophora glabripennis	Aeolesthes sarta
Cydia prunivora	Anoplophora chinensis
Malacosoma americanum	Lymantria mathura
Malacosoma disstria	Malacosoma parallela
Oemona hirta	Megaplatypus mutatus
Scirtothrips citri	Popillia japonica
Vectors of Ceratocystis fagacearum:	Trichoferus campestris
Arrhenodes minutus	Xylotrechus namanganensis
Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus	
Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus	
Fungi and fungus-like	Fungi and fungus-like
organisms	organisms
Ceratocystis fagacearum	Cryphonectria parasitica
Cronartium fusiforme	Phytophthora kernoviae
Cronartium quercuum	Phytophthora ramorum
Bacteria	
Xylella fastidiosa	

The above lists cover all known pests which are recommended for regulation by EPPO and for which *Quercus* commodities are significant potential pathways of introduction. They do not necessarily cover all regulated pests which have been recorded on *Quercus*. New emerging pest situations, based on PRA, may lead to addition of pests to the Standard.

3. Commodity-specific phytosanitary requirements for *Quercus*

Each pest recommended for regulation has been considered by the EPPO Working Party on Phytosanitary Regulations and pest-specific phytosanitary requirements (PAPRs) were recommended (EPPO Standards PM 2, withdrawn in 2006). These former pest-specific requirements have been analysed and their content reviewed and rearranged into recommended commodity-specific requirements for *Quercus*. Phytosanitary measures for recently EPPO listed (A1 or A2) pests were taken from the pest risk management part of the PRA performed by the EPPO Expert Working Groups and rearranged

in a consistent way by the EPPO Panel on Quarantine Pests for Forestry.

The commodity-specific requirements also include general measures for polyphagous, contaminating and other non-indigenous pests which may be associated with consignments of *Quercus*.

In many places, the commodity-specific requirements refer to specific phytosanitary procedures. These are described in detail in separate EPPO Standards or in appendices to this Standard.

Normally, it is recommended that the requirements fulfilled by the exporting countries and stated on the phytosanitary certificate are accepted by the importing country. However, in certain cases where the trade is new, there remains a degree of uncertainty about the adequacy of the application of the measures, which can only be resolved by following appropriate transitional procedures. These procedures should be developed in the framework of transitional arrangements (EPPO Standard under development). Cases where such special procedures may apply are specifically identified in this section, and the corresponding requirements are preceded by the following phrasing: 'subject, where appropriate, to special procedures under transitional arrangements'.

Regulation of Quercus pests

A1 pests

All EPPO countries are recommended to regulate as quarantine pests the *Quercus* pests in the EPPO A1 List (see Section 2).

A2 pests

For EPPO A2 pests recommended for regulation (see Section 2), EPPO countries where a given A2 pest does not occur, or where it is not widely distributed, are recommended to regulate it as a quarantine pest. If they do, they are recommended to make the requirements specified for this pest.

4. List of recommended phytosanitary measures

Requirements for Quercus

In the following:

When 'OR' or 'AND' are written in capitals this separates 2 sections of options.

When 'or' or 'and' are not in capitals they separate only one option from another.

PC is 'phytosanitary certificate' and RC is 're-export phytosanitary certificate'.

Plants for planting (other than seeds) of Quercus	PC and, if necessary, RC
Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	Dormant, clean (i.e. free from plant debris) and free from leaves, flowers and seeds Grown in nurseries Inspected prior to export and found free from bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, or subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms
Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> in tissue culture	Grown in approved tissue culture facilities in sterile conditions Plants and growing medium inspected prior to export and found free from bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, or subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms
Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> with soil and growing medium attached or associated	Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 3/54
Plants for planting (except seeds) of Quercus originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Aeolesthes sarta Anoplophora glabripennis Anoplophora chinensis Arrhenodes minutus Ceratocystis fagacearum Cronartium fusiforme Cronartium quercuum Cryphonectria parasitica Cydia prunivora Lymantria mathura Malacosoma americanum Malacosoma disstria Malacosoma parallela Megaplatypus mutatus	Free from the relevant pests listed in the left column

Oemona hirta Phytophthora kernoviae Phytophthora ramorum Popillia japonica Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus Scirtothrips citri	
Trichoferus campestris Xylella fastidiosa Xylotrechus namanganensis	
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Aeolesthes sarta Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis Trichoferus campestris Xylotrechus namanganensis	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column AND Transported outside of the corresponding flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with the relevant pest or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> occurs:	Pest-free area for Ceratocystis fagacearum
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cronartium fusiforme</i> and <i>Cronartium quercuum</i> occur	Pest-free area for Cronartium fusiforme and Cronartium quercuum or Place of production and its immediate vicinity freedom (during the last growing season) for Cronartium fusiforme and Cronartium quercuum
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Cryphonectria parasitica
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Lymantria mathura Malacosoma americanum Malacosoma disstria Malacosoma parallela	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column or Grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8 or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND Transported outside of the corresponding flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with the relevant pest or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Megaplatypus mutatus</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Megaplatypus mutatus OR Pest-free place of production for Megaplatypus mutatus and buffer zone of at least 200 m AND Transported outside of Megaplatypus mutatus flight period or Not transported through areas infested with Megaplatypus mutatus OR Transported closed, to prevent infestation

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Table. Continued	
Plants for planting (except seeds) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Oemona hirta</i> occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Pest-free place of production or pest-free production site for <i>Oemona hirta</i> under complete physical isolation (comparable to quarantine conditions) with regular inspections of the crop and inspection of plants prior to export AND Transported outside of <i>Oemona hirta</i> flight period or Not transported through areas infested with <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Phytophthora kernoviae</i> or <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> occur	Pest-free area for <i>Phytophthora kernoviae</i> and <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> or Pest-free place of production for <i>Phytophthora kernoviae</i> and <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> and appropriate buffer zone with regular surveys
Cut branches of Quercus	PC and, if necessary, RC
Cut branches of Quercus originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Ceratocystis fagacearum Cronartium fusiforme Cronartium quercuum Cryphonectria parasitica Cydia prunivora Lymantria mathura Malacosoma americanum Malacosoma disstria Malacosoma parallela	Free from the relevant pests listed in the left column
Cut branches of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cronartium fusiforme</i> or <i>Cronartium quercuum</i> occur	Pest-free area for Cronartium fusiforme and Cronartium quercuum or Place of production and its immediate vicinity freedom (during the last growing season) for Cronartium fusiforme and Cronartium quercuum
Cut branches of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Cryphonectria parasitica
Cut branches of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Lymantria mathura Malacosoma americanum Malacosoma disstria Malacosoma parallela	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column or Originate from plants grown according to EPPO Standard PM 5/8 or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND Transported outside of the corresponding flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with the relevant pest or Transported closed, to prevent infestation

Table. Continued	
Seeds of Quercus	PC and, if necessary, RC
Seeds of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Ceratocystis</i> fagacearum occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> or Hot water treatment of at least 42°C for at least 30 min
Seeds of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cryphonectria</i> parasitica occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> or Appropriate disinfection, details to be specified on the PC
Wood of Quercus	PC and, if necessary, RC
Wood of Quercus originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Aeolesthes sarta Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis Ceratocystis fagacearum Cronartium fusiforme Cronartium quercuum Cryphonectria parasitica Lymantria mathura Megaplatypus mutatus Oemona hirta Phytophthora kernoviae Phytophthora ramorum Trichoferus campestris Xylotrechus namanganensis	Free from the relevant pests listed in the left column
Wood of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cronartium</i> fusiforme or <i>Cronartium quercuum</i> occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Cronartium fusiforme</i> and <i>Cronartium quercuum</i> or Bark free
Wood (except harvesting wood residues, processing wood residues, wood chips and hogwood) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Ceratocystis fagacearum OR Bark free AND Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND Transported outside of Arrhenodes minutus, Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus and Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with Arrhenodes minutus, Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus and Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus

Transported closed, to prevent infestation

Wood (except harvesting wood residues, processing wood residues, wood chips and hogwood) of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Megaplatypus mutatus</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Megaplatypus mutatus or Pest-free place of production for Megaplatypus mutatus and buffer zone of 200 m or Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND Transported outside of Megaplatypus mutatus flight period or Not transported through areas infested with Megaplatypus mutatus or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Wood (except harvesting wood residues, processing wood residues, wood chips and hogwood) of Quercus originating in countries where Oemona hirta occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC or Harvested and imported outside of <i>Oemona hirta</i> flying period (in winter) specified in the import permit and processed before the next <i>Oemona hirta</i> flying period (only in the framework of a bilateral agreement) AND Transported outside of <i>Oemona hirta</i> flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Wood of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Phytophthora kernoviae</i> or <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Phytophthora kernoviae and Phytophthora ramorum
Round wood with bark of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Aeolesthes sarta Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis Trichoferus campestris Xylotrechus namanganensis	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column or Debarking and heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 AND Transported outside of the corresponding flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with the relevant pest or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Round wood with bark of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> OR Bark free AND Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8

Round wood with bark of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Lymantria mathura</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Lymantria mathura or Debarking or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC or Heat treatment according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8 AND Transported outside of Lymantria mathura flight period or Not transported through areas infested with Lymantria mathura or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Sawn wood without bark of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Aeolesthes sarta Anoplophora chinensis Anoplophora glabripennis Trichoferus campestris Xylotrechus namanganensis	Pest-free area for relevant pests listed in the left column or Heat treated according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Treated with ionizing radiation according to EPPO Standard PM 10/8
Harvesting wood residues, processing wood residues, wood chips and hogwood of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where or <i>Oemona hirta</i> occur	Pest-free area for <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Heat treated according to EPPO Standard PM 10/6 or Chipped to pieces of less than 2.5 cm in any dimension or to 1.5 cm in 2 dimensions or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC or Harvested and imported outside of <i>Oemona hirta</i> flying period (in winter) specified in the import permit and processed before the next <i>Oemona hirta</i> flying period (only in the framework of a bilateral agreement) AND Transported outside of <i>Oemona hirta</i> flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with <i>Oemona hirta</i> or Transported closed, to prevent infestation
Harvesting wood residues, processing wood residues, wood chips and hogwood of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> occurs	Pest-free area for Ceratocystis fagacearum OR Produced from debarked treated wood AND Produced from heat treated wood or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC AND Transported outside of Arrhenodes minutus, Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus and Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus flight periods or Not transported through areas infested with Arrhenodes minutus, Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus and Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus or Transported closed, to prevent infestation

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Harvesting wood residues, processing wood residues, wood chips and hogwood of <i>Quercus</i> originating in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> OR Produced from wood which was debarked AND Heat treated
Packaging wood of <i>Quercus</i>	Requirements of ISPM 15

Bark of Quercus	PC and, if necessary, RC
Bark of Quercus originating in countries where any of the following pests occur: Ceratocystis fagacearum Cronartium fusiforme Cronartium quercuum Cryphonectria parasitica	Free from the relevant pests listed in the left column
Bark of Quercus originating in countries where Ceratocystis fagacearum occurs	Pest-free area for <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC or Heat treatment
Bark of Quercus originating in countries where Cronartium fusiforme, Cronartium quercuum or Cryphonectria parasitica occur	Pest-free area for Cronartium fusiforme, Cronartium quercuum and Cryphonectria parasitica or Appropriate fumigation, details to be specified on the PC or Heat treatment

5. List of associated Standards

It is proposed that individual phytosanitary procedures would be maintained as separate EPPO Standards, but that they should be part of a package that will always accompany the forestry standard when approved.

The following Standards are of relevance:

EPPO Standards PM 3: Phytosanitary Procedures

PM 3/29 General export inspection procedure for glasshouse and nursery enterprises

PM 3/54 Growing plants in growing medium prior to export
PM 3/60 Testing growing medium and plants in growing medium

EPPO Standards PM 5: Pest Risk Analysis

PM 5/8 Guidelines on the phytosanitary measure 'Plants grown under complete physical isolation'

EPPO Standards PM 10: Phytosanitary Treatments

PM 10/6 Heat treatment of wood to control insects and wood-borne nematodes

PM 10/8 Disinfestation of wood with ionizing radiation

International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures

ISPM 4 Requirements for the establishment of pest free areas, 1996. FAO, Rome

ISPM 5 Glossary of phytosanitary terms, 2015. FAO, Rome

ISPM 10 Requirements for the establishment of pest free places of production and pest free production sites, 1999. FAO, Rome

ISPM 15 Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade, 2013. FAO, Rome

Other documents referred to:

EPPO Technical Document no. 1071, EPPO Study on wood commodities other than round wood, sawn wood and manufactured items, 2015. EPPO,

 $Paris\ (https://www.eppo.int/PUBLICATIONS/TD-1071_EPPO_Study_on_wood_commodities.pdf)$

EPPO PRAs: https://www.eppo.int/QUARANTINE/Pest_Risk_Analysis/PRA_intro.htm