Added in 2001 - Deleted in 2008

Reasons for deletion:

A PRA conducted by an EPPO Expert Working Group concluded that the pest *Aulacaspis yasumatsui* was not a risk for EPPO region. In 2008, it was therefore removed from the EPPO Alert List.

Aulacaspis yasumatsui (Homoptera: Diaspididae) - Cycad aulacaspis

| | <u>atsul (Homoptera: Diaspididae) - Cycad aulacaspis</u> |
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| Why | The NPPO of France suggested that <i>Aulacaspis yasumatsui</i> could be added to the EPPO Alert List, because of its recent introduction and spread in Florida (US). In |
| | Florida, it was first described in 1996, although it is suspected that it has been |
| | introduced in 1992 by an expedition funded by a botanical garden. |
| Where | Asia: Southeast Asia (recorded in Hong Kong (China), Thailand, but probably |
| | present in other countries). North America: USA. Florida: first found in Miami in 1996, then spread to many |
| | other counties (as of 2000: Alachua, Brevard, Broward, Collier, Duval, Escambia, |
| | Flagler, Hendry, Lee, Leon, Manatee, Miami-Dade, Nassau, Okaloosa, Orange, |
| | Palm Beach, Polk, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, Suwanee). First found in 1998 |
| | in Hawaii (probably introduced from Florida). |
| | Caribbean: Cayman Islands, Guadeloupe, Martinique. |
| | It has been intercepted in France on imported Cycas plants. |
| On which plants | Exclusively cycads in the following genera: Cycas (Cycadaceae -preferred genera |
| | among cycads), Dioon, Encephalartos, Microcycas (Zamiaceae) and Stangeria |
| D | (Stangeriaceae). |
| Damage | Infestation usually starts on the underside of the leaflets. Damage initially appears as chlorotic spots. As infestation increases, scales infest the upper |
| | surfaces of the leaflets, then petioles and trunks. Highly infested cycads are |
| | almost completely coated with a white crust. A particular feature is that A. |
| | yasumatsui can infest cycad roots. Males and females have been observed on |
| | roots of containerized and planted cycads (up to 60 cm deep in the soil). Without |
| | control by natural enemies, this species is highly damaging for cycads and often |
| | lethal. In addition to direct injury, scales are remarkably persistent, and dead |
| 5.11 | scales disfigure the plants for a very long time. |
| Pathway | A. yasumatsui could be introduced through the import of cycad plants from |
| | infested countries. <i>A. yasumatsui</i> has a high potential to spread to new areas via plant movements because one or few fecund females hidden between leaf bases, |
| | fibrous stems or roots can easily escape detection. Spread over short distances is |
| | ensured by wind dispersal of crawlers. A. yasumatsui could also be dispersed by |
| | people, animals, birds, larger insects |
| Possible risks | Cycads are valuable ornamentals plants in the EPPO region. A. yasumatsui |
| | presents a risk for cycads grown under glass for the whole region, and in gardens |
| | for countries of the Mediterranean basin where they are outdoor ornamental |
| | plants. In addition, it could threaten the survival of several rare and already |
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Entry date 2001-08